# REACTIVE POWER DISPATCH BY DISTRIBUTED GENERATORS THROUGH STEP LOAD FLOW SIMULATION AND GENETIC ALGORITHM

A.M.G.G.S.H.B. Abeysinghe

118551T

Degree of Master of Science

Department of Electrical Engineering

University of Moratuwa Sri Lanka

May 2016

# REACTIVE POWER DISPATCH BY DISTRIBUTED GENERATORS THROUGH STEP LOAD FLOW SIMULATION AND GENETIC ALGORITHM

A.M.G.G.S.H.B. Abeysinghe

118551T

Thesis/Dissertation submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of Master of Science in Electrical Engineering

Department of Electrical Engineering

University of Moratuwa Sri Lanka

May 2016

## **DECLARATION OF THE CANDIDATE & SUPERVISORS**

"I declare that this is my own work and this thesis/dissertation does not incorporate any material previously submitted for a Degree or Diploma in any other University or institute of higher learning to the best of my knowledge and belief. It does not contain any material previously published or written by another person except where the acknowledgement is made in the text.

hereby grant to University of Moratuwa the non-exclusive right to reproduce and stribute my thesis/dissertation, in whole or in part in print, electronic or other medium. retain the right to use this content in whole or part in future works (such as articles or poks).		
Signature	Date	
The above candidate has carried out research for Dissertation under my supervision.	the Masters thesis/	
Signature of the supervisor (Prof. J.R. Lucas)	Date	
Signature of the supervisor (Dr. H.M. Wijekoon)	Date	

**ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS** 

It is with deepest sense of gratitude, I acknowledge the tremendous encouragement,

guidance and support extended to me by my supervisors Prof. J.R. Lucas and

Dr. H.M. Wijekoon.

I extended my sincere gratitude and thanks to all lectures of the Department of Electrical

Engineering, University of Moratuwa for providing all the necessary facilities and

guidance for all our academic activities.

I would specially like to appreciate the support provided by Ceylon Electricity Board

for allowing me to following this MSC and to collect data and information from

relevant branches.

I would further like to thank the senior engineers Mr. Eranaga Kudahewa and

Mr. Amila Wijethunga and my friends Mr. Jagath Samarawickrama, Mr. Dinesh

Disanayaka and Mrs. Erandhi Hemachandra for the support provided by them in

numerous ways throughout this period.

I thank all personnel who gave their ideas, support and encouragement.

Finally, I owe my gratitude to my father, mother and my two brothers for their endless

support and encouragement, and without them I would not have come this far.

A.M.G.G.S.H.B.Abeysinghe

ii

**ABSTRACT** 

Demand for reactive power in a transmission and distribution network is met by various

ways such as through power generating plants, compensation by means of capacitors at

the utility grid and compensation at the load point through capacitors etc. In CEB utility

grid, most of the reactive power requirement is supplied by the grid via transmission

and distribution network from major generating stations. This leads to increase of

transmission and distribution network current, thereby increasing real power loss in the

system

This can be avoided by producing required amount of reactive power closer to the load

centers. Possibly, economical reactive power generation can be done at medium voltage

systems. Medium voltage system consist of many distributed generators such as diesel

generators, wind power generators, bio mass plants and mini hydro plants etc. Due to

inconsistency of water inflow in Mini Hydro plants, they do not run at full load

throughout the day. Thereby, Mini Hydro plants can be utilized to compensate reactive

power requirement in the medium voltage level while meeting their primary objective

of generating real power.

Generating reactive power from several mini hydro plants, while reducing losses at the

power system is a complex optimization task. In this research Genetic Algorithm was

used to solve above optimization problem and simulated in SynerGEE and Matlab

software.

Results of this research is focused on developing a scheme to dispatch reactive power

to the grid through Mini Hydro plants while reducing losses at the distribution system

and meeting its primary objective of providing real power from the same Mini Hydro

plants.

**Key words** 

Genetic Algorithm, Mini Hydro plants, Medium voltage

iii

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

L	IST O	OF TABLES	vi
L	IST O	F FIGURES	vii
L	IST O	OF ABBREVIATIONS	viii
1	IN	TRODUCTION	1
	1.1	Background	1
	1.2	Literature Review	4
	1.3	Problem Statement/ Justification	7
	1.4	Objective of the Study	7
	1.5	Research Methodology	8
2	PR	RESENT REACTIVE POWER GENERATION AND CAPA	BILITY
S	TUDY	7	9
	2.1	Reactive Power Generation from Main Power Plants	9
	2.2	Medium Voltage Grid Capacitor Banks	10
	2.3	Capacitor Banks at Medium Voltage Lines	11
	2.4	Distributed Generators at distribution network	11
	2.4	.1 Diesel Generators	12
	2.4	Wind Power Plants	12
	2.4	Bio Mass Plants	12
	2.4	.4 Mini Hydro Plants	12
	2.5	Capability of Mini Hydro Plants for reactive power generation	13
3	OF	PTIMIZATION OF LOSSES THROUGH DISTRIBUTED RE	ACTIVE
P	OWE	R GENERATION	15
	3.1	Simulation of MV feeder with SynerGee Software	15
	3.1	.1 Actual Feeder simulation with SynerGee (Ukuwela Grid F	eeder-10
	CE	EB)	17
	3 1	2. Use of Genetic Algorithm	20

	3.2	Simulation with Matlab Software	22
4	CA	SE STUDY WITH UKUWELA FEEDER-10	28
	4.1	Introduction	28
	4.2	Demand Curves for Ukuwela Feeder-10	30
5	FI	NANCIAL ANALYSIS	34
	5.1	Cost of an energy unit for Ukuwela Feeder-10	34
	5.2	Calculation of saving in a day at Ukuwela Feeder-10	35
	5.3	Calculation of annual energy and financial saving in Ukuwela Feeder-10	35
6	CC	ONCLUSION	37
	6.1	Recommendations	38
	6.2	Suggestions for future work	38
R	eferen	nce List	39

# LIST OF TABLES

Table 2.1: Major Reactive Power Generation Plants in Sri Lankan Network	9
Table 2.2: Grid Capacitor banks in Sri Lankan network	.10
Table 3.1: Loss and Voltage Variation with Power Factor Variation of MHPs	.19
Table 3.2: System Loss with Variation of Power Factor in MHPs by 0.01 Intervals	.25
Table 4.1: Hourly Power Factor Schedule for MHPs in Ukuwela Feeder 10	.32
Table 5.1: Average Transfer Price from Transmission to Distribution Licensees Tari	iffs
for Jan-June 2014	.34
Table 5.2: Hourly Energy Saving in a Day at Ukuwela Feeder 10	.35
Table 5.3: Annual Energy Saving	.36
Table 5.4: Annual Financial Saving.	.36

# LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1.1: Daily Generation profile of a MHP4
Figure 2.1 : Line Capacitor Banks at Horana New Gantry (450 kvar) and Malambe
Gantry (300 kvar) in Sri Lankan Distribution Network
Figure 2.2: A Synchronous Generator Capacity Curve
Figure 3.1: Model Feeder with single MHP
Figure 3.2: Loss Variation of Model Feeder with Power Factor Variation of MHP in
Peak and off Peak
Figure 3.3: Ukuwela Feeder 10 with Three MHPs
Figure 3.4: Loss and Maximum Voltage Variation along Feeder at Off Peak19
Figure 3.5: Loss and Minimum Voltage Variation along Feeder at Peak20
Figure 3.6: Flow Chart of Simulation Method with SynerGee Software21
Figure 3.7: Model Feeder with Two MHPs
Figure 3.8: Model Feeder with Single MHP in MATLAB Simulink23
Figure 3.9: Results of Model Feeder with Single MHP
Figure 3.10: Model Feeder with Two MHP in Matlab
Figure 3.11: Graphical Representation of 400 Nos Simulations
Figure 3.12: Flow Chart of Simulation Method with Matlab
Figure 3.13: Results of Model Feeder with Two MHPs with Genetic Algorithm for Peak
Load
Figure 3.14: Results of Model Feeder with Two MHPs with Genetic Algorithm for Off
Peak Load
Figure 4.1: Reactive Power Flow with 33kV Capacitor Bank at Grid Substation28
Figure 4.2: Ukuwela F10 and Two Transmission Line model in Matlab29
Figure 4.3: Peak Simulation Result for Minimum Losses
Figure 4.4: Off Peak Simulation Result for Minimum Losses
Figure 4.5: Active Power Demand Curves for Ukuwela Feeder-1031
Figure 4.6: Reactive Power Demand Curves for Ukuwela Feeder-1031
Figure 4.7: Hourly Loss Variation in Current System and Propose System in Ukuwela
Grid Feeder 10

### LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

ACSR Aluminum Conductor Steel Reinforced

AR Auto Recloser

BSC Breaker Switched Capacitor

CEB Ceylon Electricity Board

CRO Control Room Operator

DNO Distribution Network Operator

DCC Distribution Control Centers

DG Distributed Generators

GSS Grid Substation

GA Genetic Algorithm

HV High Voltage

kVA kilovolt Ampere

kW kilo Watt

kWh kilo Watt hour

MV Medium Voltage

MVA Megavolt Ampere

MW Mega Watt

MWh Mega Watt hour

MHP Mini Hydro Plant

OPF Optimum Power Flow

OLTC On Load Tap Changer

PUCSL Public Utilities Company Sri Lanka

PSS Primary Substation

SPP Small Power Producer

SVC Static Var Controller

SCADA Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition