

5. CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION

Based on the results obtained with respect to above mentioned objectives, following conclusions can be made.

- UPV and compressive strength of cement mortar has a linear relationship and LSF also has an indirect influence on this relationship.
- UPV at 02 day increases about 24% at the end of 28 days if following factors kept constant;
 - i. Water/cement ratio
 - ii. Amount and size of aggregates
 - iii. Curing media (i.e. water)
 - iv. Curing temperature (i.e. $27 \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$)
- Correlations given in (3) and (4) can be used to predict compressive strength of cement at 28 days within 02 days with only $\pm 5\%$ deviation.

Results of this study can be used to expedite the testing of OPC at laboratory scale and hence will be beneficial for import inspection scheme operated by SLSI.
 **University of Moratuwa, Sri Lanka.**
Electronic Theses & Dissertations
www.lib.mrt.ac.lk

However, since LSF of the cement samples used for this study lie between 0.90-1.00 and throughout the entire experiment the temperature was maintained at $27 \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$, the correlations can be recommended for the samples which have LSF of the same range and a stable temperature condition. For samples having LSF out of the above range and for varying temperature conditions further studies have to be carried out.

REFERENCES

- [1] Specification for Ordinary Portland cement, SLS 107, 2008
- [2] Ultrasonic Testing of Materials at Level 2”, Int. Atomic Energy Agency, Vienna, 1988, pp. 12-61.
- [3] Wave Propagation [Online]. Available: <http://www.nde-ed.org>
- [4] Testing concrete – Part 4: Determination of ultrasonic pulse velocity, BS EN 12504-4, 2004.
- [5] J. Thomas and H. Jennings. (2008, August 14). *Science of Concrete* [Online]. Available: <http://iti.northwestern.edu/cement/monograph/>
- [6] K. Tharmarathnam and B.S. Tan, “Attenuation of ultrasonic pulse in cement mortar”, *Cement and Concrete research*, vol. 20, Issue no. 3, pp. 335-345, May 1990.
- [7] I. Gabrijel, D. Mikulic and B. Milovanovic, “Application of ultrasonic measurements for determination of setting and hardening in cement paste”, *Journal of Civil Engineering and Architecture*, vol. 5, no. 3, pp. 278-283, March 2011.
- [8] P. N.  University of Moratuwa, Sri Lanka. **Electronic Theses & Dissertations**
Civil Eng., Middle East Technical Univ., Ankara, Turkey, 2006.
www.lib.metu.edu.tr/dspace/handle/11270/10000
- [9] Z. Lafhar, “Correlation between porosity, permeability and ultrasonic parameters of mortar with variable water/cement ratio and water content”, *Cement and Concrete research*, vol 36, Issue 4, pp. 625-633, April 2006.
- [10] G. F. Kheder, A. M. Al Gabban and S. M. Abid, “Mathematical model for prediction of cement compressive strength at the ages of 7 and 28 days within 24 hours”, *Materials and structures* , vol. 36, no. 10, pp. 693-701, Dec. 2003.
- [11] T. Voigt, S. P. Shah, “Non-destructive monitoring of setting and hardening of Portland cement mortar with sonic methods”, in *6th Int. Symp. Non-Destructive Testing in Civil Engineering (NDT-CE)*, Berlin, Germany, 2003, pp. 33-41.
- [12] T. Voigt, Z. Sun, S. P. Shah, “Comparison of ultrasonic wave reflection method and maturity method in evaluation early age compressive strength of mortar”, *Cement & Concrete Composites*, no. 28, pp. 307–316, Mar. 2006.

- [13] C. M. Sayers & R. L. Grenfell, “Ultrasonic propagation through hydrating cements”, *Ultrasonics*, vol. 31, no. 3, pp. 147-153, 1993.
- [14] G. Ye, K. Van Breyel and A. L. A. Fraaij, “Experimental study on ultrasonic pulse velocity evaluation of the microstructure of cementitious material at early age”, *HERON*, vol. 46, no. 3, pp. 161- 167, 2001.
- [15] D. G. Aggelis and J. P. Philippidis, “Ultrasonic wave dispersion and attenuation in fresh mortar”, *NDT & E Int.*, vol. 37, Issue 8, pp. 617-631, Dec. 2004.
- [16] I. Gabrijel, D. Mikulic and N. Bijelic, “Ultrasonic characterization of cement composites during hydration”, *Tech. Gazette*, Vol. 17, no. 4, pp. 493-497, Dec. 2010.
- [17] J. Zhang, L. Qin and Z. Li, “Hydration monitoring of cement-based materials with resistivity and ultrasonic methods,” *Materials and Structures*, vol. 42, no. 1, pp. 15-24, Jan. 2009.
- [18] T. Öztürk, O. Kroggel, P. Grübl and J.S. Popovics, “Improved ultrasonic wave reflection technique to monitor the setting of cement-based materials,” *NDT & E Int.*, vol. 39, no. 4, pp. 258-263, Jun. 2006.
- [19] C.M. Sayers and A. Dahlin,  **University of Moratuwa, Sri Lanka**, *Propagation of ultrasound through hydrating cement pastes at early times*, *Advanced Cement Based Materials*, vol. 1, no. 1, www.lib.mrt.ac.lk, pp. 12-21, Oct. 1993.
- [20] A. Boumiz, C. Vernet and F. C. Tenoudji, “Mechanical properties of cement pastes and mortars at early ages: Evolution with time and degree of hydration,” *Advanced Cement Based Materials*, vol. 3, no. 3, pp. 94-106, April 1996.
- [21] S. Popovics, J. L. Rose and J. S. Popovics, “The behaviour of ultrasonic pulses in concrete,” *Cement and Concrete Research*, vol. 20, no.2, pp. 259-270, Mar. 1990.
- [22] Y. Akkaya, T. Voigt, K. V. Subramaniam and S. P. Shah, “Nondestructive measurement of concrete strength gain by an ultrasonic wave reflection method,” *Materials and Structures*, vol. 36, no. 8, pp. 507-514, Oct. 2003.
- [23] J. Zhu, S. Kee, D. Han and Y. Tsai, “Effects of air voids on ultrasonic wave propagation in early age cement pastes,” *Cement and Concrete Research*, vol. 41, no. 8, pp. 872-881, Aug. 2011.

- [24] S. A. Abo-Qudais, “Effect of concrete mixing parameters on propagation of ultrasonic waves,” *Construction and Building Materials*, vol. 19, no. 4, pp. 257-263, May 2005.
- [25] J. Carette and S. Staquet, “Monitoring the setting process of mortars by ultrasonic P and S-wave transmission velocity measurement,” *Construction and Building Materials*, vol. 94, pp. 196-208, Sept. 2015.
- [26] J. Alexandre Bogas , M. G. Gomes and A. Gomes, “Compressive strength evaluation of structural lightweight concrete by non-destructive ultrasonic pulse velocity method,” *Ultrasonics*, vol. 53, no. 5, pp.962-972, Jul. 2013.
- [27] T. Voigt, T. Malonn and S. P. Shah, “Green and early age compressive strength of extruded cement mortar monitored with compression tests and ultrasonic techniques,” *Cement and Concrete Research*, vol. 36, no. 5, pp.858-867, May 2006.
- [28] Cement-Test methods-Determination of strength, ISO 679, 2009.



University of Moratuwa, Sri Lanka.
Electronic Theses & Dissertations
www.lib.mrt.ac.lk

APPENDIX – A: INDIVIDUAL RESULTS, MEAN VALUE AND STANDARD DEVIATION OF UPV AND COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF 10 SAMPLES (30 SPECIMENS) OF CEMENT MORTAR.

Sample ID	Age	UPV m/s					Compressive strength MPa				
		Specimen no.			Mean	Stdev	Specimen no.			Mean	Stdev
		i	ii	iii			i	ii	iii		
A	02	4259.22	4236.97	4238.43	4244.87	12.44	18.72 18.84	19.82 19.64	18.93 17.81	18.96	0.72
	07	4453.3	4440.45	4447.89	4447.21	6.45	28.41 29.2	28.74 29.64	30.81 31.05	29.64	1.08
	15	4786.38	4780.00	4795.18	4787.19	7.62	31.43 34.46	40.42 37.26	36.18 37.45	36.2	3.04
	28	5248.9	5266.57	5282.13	5265.87	16.62	46.36 41.9	42.22 41.68	46.15 49.01	44.55	3.05
B	02	4195.8	4195.8	4225.35	4205.65	17.06	18.75 19.5	19.1 19.41	19.44 19.41	19.27	0.29
	07	4483.15	4516.98	4484.96	4495.03	19.03	31.51 31.41	30.73 31.39	30.95 31.33	31.22	0.31
	15	4819.28	4826.61	4792.00	4812.63	18.24	37.68 37.56	37.76 38.33	38.06 38.38	37.96	0.34
	28	5226.09	5172.41	5186.15	5194.88	27.88	50.58 50.14	49.69 50.08	48.83 50.39	49.95	0.63
C	02	4109.56	4137.93	4109.59	4119.04	16.36	22.03 21.94	21.60 21.18	20.91 22.63	21.71	0.62
	07	4411.76	4363.64	4428.04	4401.15	33.49	31.63 31.77	31.85 31.85	32.58 32.5	32.24	0.46
	15	4661.16	4662.26	4661.75	4661.31	18.11	37.68 37.56	37.76 38.33	38.06 38.38	37.96	0.34
	28	5111.11	5067.8	5016.27	5085.06	22.96	54.19 52.89	53.20 52.58	54.30 52.49	53.27	0.8
D	02	4255.32	4255.32	4240.28	4250.31	8.68	16.62 18.91	22.18 20.47	17.64 15.78	18.60	2.42
	07	4545.45	4535.85	4601.53	4560.95	35.48	27.46 29.53	28.54 30.84	28.74 29.61	29.12	1.15
	15	4822.58	4889.80	4909.84	4874.07	45.70	33.06 34.69	33.29 34.44	36.73 37.24	34.91	1.74
	28	5324.44	5244.54	5290.75	5286.58	40.11	50.35 47.63	49.09 47.54	48.39 49.34	48.73	1.08
E	02	4181.18	4210.53	4210.53	4200.75	16.94	19.12 21.41	24.68 22.97	20.14 18.91	21.21	2.28
	07	4460.97	4477.61	4428.04	4455.54	25.23	33.71 35.78	34.79 31.46	34.99 35.86	34.43	1.65
	15	4938.27	4942.39	4958.68	4946.45	10.79	45.56 40.94	45.79 46.94	49.23 47.24	45.95	2.78
	28	5186.15	5222.71	5222.71	5210.52	21.11	53.48 50.26	54.71 50.76	54.02 55.59	53.14	2.16

Cont.

Sample ID	Age	UPV m/s				Compressive strength MPa					
		Specimen no.			Mean	Stdev	Specimen no.				
		i	ii	iii			i	ii	iii		
F	02	4026.85	4040.40	4013.38	4026.88	13.51	21.41 20.70	20.56 19.78	19.53 20.26	20.37	0.68
	07	4293.91	4263.35	4297.49	4284.91	18.77	31.01 32.17	31.03 30.83	32.26 31.79	31.51	0.64
	15	4651.16	4633.20	4633.20	4639.19	10.37	40.81 40.69	40.89 38.33	41.81 39.00	40.25	1.31
	28	4991.67	4987.50	4991.67	4990.28	2.41	51.31 49.01	49.39 53.39	51.34 48.77	50.53	1.80
G	02	4152.25	4166.67	4152.25	4157.05	8.32	23.45 22.58	22.86 23.13	22.48 22.28	22.79	0.44
	07	4411.76	4411.76	4428.04	4417.19	9.4	32.88 34.04	33.10 33.33	33.83 33.75	33.49	0.46
	15	4780.88	4800.00	4780.88	4787.25	11.4	41.83 40.81	41.67 40.76	42.20 42.59	41.64	0.74
	28	5172.41	5150.21	5172.41	5165.01	12.82	53.61 54.98	53.68 56.16	51.66 55.61	54.28	1.64
H	02	4155.71	4152.25	4166.67	4158.21	7.53	17.57 18.66	19.50 18.47	18.04 19.01	18.54	0.69
	07	4404.41	4433.33	4397.06	4411.60	19.18	31.63 30.29	31.85 30.83	31.96 30.63	31.20	0.7
	15	4842.11	4746.03	4788.00	4792.05	48.16	40.81 41.83	41.67 40.76	42.20 42.59	41.64	0.74
	28	5163.79	5137.34	5181.82	5160.98	22.37	46.93 49.60	49.08 45.86	49.29 47.79	48.09	1.49
I	02	4271.43	4257.14	4278.57	4269.05	10.91	21.88 20.75	19.69 19.31	20.96 19.63	20.37	0.99
	07	4515.34	4576.34	4597.52	4532.35	18.2	31.38 30.09	29.94 31.46	31.02 30.33	30.86	0.6
	15	4815.26	4826.61	4807.23	4816.57	9.74	40.66 41.44	41.39 42.71	39.67 41.96	41.31	1.05
	28	5305.31	5268.72	5281.94	5285.32	18.53	51.76 53.46	52.00 49.91	50.54 52.47	51.69	1.29
J	02	4218.31	4233.22	4195.80	4215.78	18.83	22.31 23.26	21.60 22.47	23.65 23.76	22.84	0.85
	07	4444.44	4477.61	4460.97	4461.01	16.58	33.88 33.38	33.42 34.06	33.16 32.88	33.46	0.44
	15	4743.08	4743.08	4761.90	4749.36	10.87	45.75 43.94	43.89 46.24	46.29 44.26	45.06	1.15
	28	5181.82	5204.35	5231.44	5205.87	24.85	53.16 52.19	52.13 53.70	53.34 53.30	52.97	0.65